

# Eurisko Assignment 30-1

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(a) Let  $T$  be the time needed to complete a job at a certain factory. By using historical data, we know that

$$P(T \leq t) = \begin{cases} \frac{t^2}{16} & 0 \leq t \leq 4 \\ 1 & t \geq 4 \end{cases}$$

(I) Find the probability that the job is completed in less than an hour, i.e. find  $P(T \leq 1)$ .

$$P(T \leq 1) = \frac{1^2}{16} = \frac{1}{16}$$

(II) Find the probability that the job needs more than 2 hours.

$$P(2 \leq T) = 1 - P(T \leq 2) = 1 - \frac{2^2}{16} = 1 - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$$

(III) Find the probability  $1 \leq T \leq 3$ .

$$P(1 \leq T \leq 3) = P(T \leq 3) - P(T \leq 1) = \frac{3^2}{16} - \frac{1^2}{16} = \frac{1}{2}$$

(b) You purchase a certain product. The manual states that the lifetime  $T$  of the product, defined as the amount of time (in years) the product works properly until it breaks down, satisfies

$$P(T \geq t) = e^{-\frac{t}{5}}, t \geq 0.$$

For example, the probability that the product lasts more than (or equal to) 2 years is  $P(T \geq 2) = e^{-\frac{2}{5}} = 0.6703$ . I purchase the product and use it for two years without any problems. What is the probability that it breaks down in the third year?

$$\begin{aligned} P(T \leq 3 \mid T \geq 2) &= \frac{P(2 \leq T \leq 3)}{P(T \leq 2)} \\ &= \frac{P(2 \leq T) - P(3 \leq T)}{P(T \leq 2)} \\ &= \frac{e^{-\frac{2}{5}} - e^{-\frac{3}{5}}}{e^{-\frac{2}{5}}} \\ &= 0.181269247 \end{aligned}$$

(c) Consider the random experiment with a sample sequence  $S = \{1, 2, 3, \dots\}$ . Suppose we know

$$P(k) = P(\{k\}) = \frac{c}{3^k}, k = 1, 2, \dots$$

where  $c$  is a constant number.

(I) Find  $c$ .

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{c}{3^k} &= 1 \\ c \cdot \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{3^k} &= 1 \\ c \cdot \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^k &= 1 \\ \frac{c}{3(1 - \frac{1}{3})} &= 1 \\ c &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

(II) Find  $P(\{2, 4, 6\})$ .

$$P(\{2, 4, 6\}) = \frac{2}{3^2} + \frac{2}{3^4} + \frac{2}{3^6} = 0.249657064$$

(III) Find  $P(\{3, 4, 5, \dots\})$

$$\begin{aligned}\sum_{k=3}^{\infty} \frac{2}{3^k} &= \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{3^k} - \sum_{k=1}^2 \frac{2}{3^k} \\ &= 1 - \left(\frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{9}\right) \\ &= \frac{1}{9}\end{aligned}$$