

Machine Learning Assignment 24

Maia Dimas

Problem 1

A coin is flipped and gets *HHTTH*

A: Compute the likelihood of the observed outcome if the coin were fair (i.e. $k = 0.5$).

$$\begin{aligned}P(\text{HHTTH} | k = 0.5) &= P(\text{H} | k = 0.5) \cdot P(\text{H} | k = 0.5) \cdot P(\text{T} | k = 0.5) \cdot P(\text{T} | k = 0.5) \cdot P(\text{H} | k = 0.5) \\&= 0.5 \cdot 0.5 \cdot (1 - 0.5) \cdot (1 - 0.5) \cdot 0.5 \\&= 0.5 \cdot 0.5 \cdot 0.5 \cdot 0.5 \cdot 0.5 \\&= 0.5^5 \\&= 0.03125\end{aligned}$$

B: Compute the likelihood of the observed outcome if the coin were slightly biased towards heads, say $k = 0.55$.

$$\begin{aligned}P(\text{HHTTH} | k = 0.55) &= P(\text{H} | k = 0.55) \cdot P(\text{H} | k = 0.55) \cdot P(\text{T} | k = 0.55) \cdot P(\text{T} | k = 0.55) \cdot P(\text{H} | k = 0.55) \\&= 0.55 \cdot 0.55 \cdot (1 - 0.55) \cdot (1 - 0.55) \cdot 0.55 \\&= 0.55 \cdot 0.55 \cdot 0.45 \cdot 0.45 \cdot 0.55 \\&= 0.55^3 \cdot 0.45^2 \\&= 0.03369\end{aligned}$$

C: Compute the likelihood of the observed outcome for a general value of p . Your answer should be a function of k .

$$\begin{aligned}P(\text{HHTTH} | k) &= P(\text{H} | k) \cdot P(\text{H} | k) \cdot P(\text{T} | k) \cdot P(\text{T} | k) \cdot P(\text{H} | k) \\&= k \cdot k \cdot (1 - k) \cdot (1 - k) \cdot k \\&= k^3 \cdot (1 - k)^2 \\&= k^3 \cdot (k^2 - 2k + 1) \\&= k^5 - 2k^4 + k^3\end{aligned}$$

D:

Probability of getting HHTTH with biased coins

